MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVRONMENT INTRODUCTION TO CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OF SPECIES AND GENETIC RESOURCES IN THE VIETNAM BIODIVERSITY LAW

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CONTENT

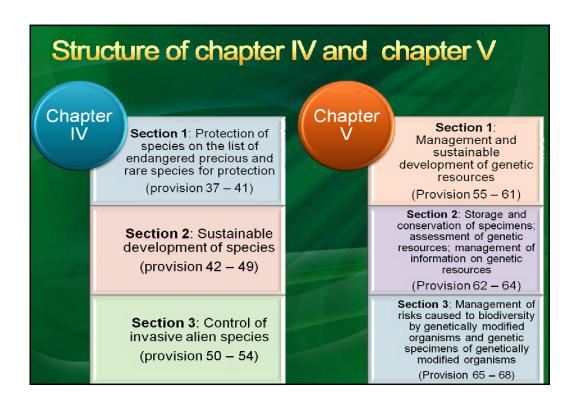
- Overview
- Conservation and sustainable development of species
- Conservation and sustainable development of genetic resources
- State management in conservation and sustainable development of species and genetic resources
- Contents need to be guided for implementation

Overview

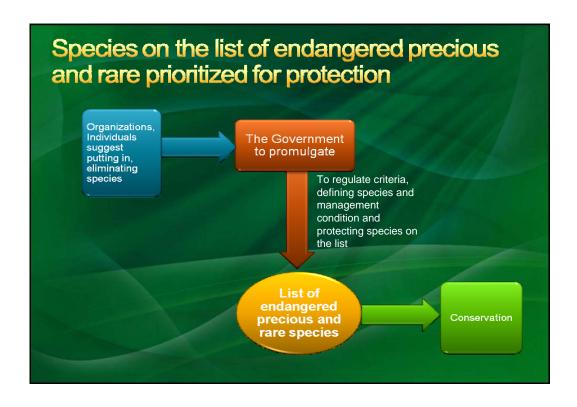
- Vietnam Biodiversity Law was approved by the National Assembly at the fourth meeting on the date of November 13th 2008.
- It was officially applied on July 01th 2009 which was about 7 months after the approval
- The release of biodiversity law has created a firmly legal basis which would enormously contribute to biodiversity conservation
- In 2009, the Biodiversity Conservation Agency was established. This is an important leap in biodiversity conservation.

Overview

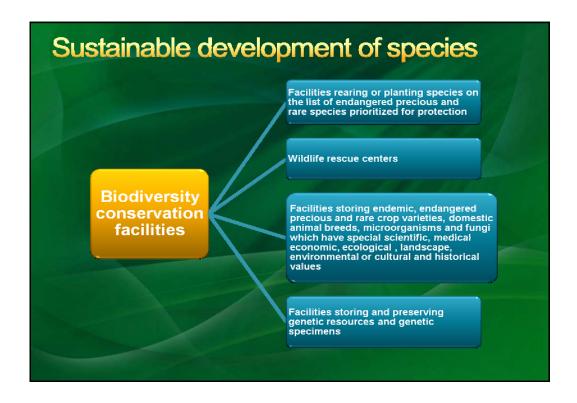
- The Law consists of 8 chapters with 78 articles
- The content of conservation and sustainable development of species and genetic resources is elaborately presented in 02 chapters:
 - Chapter IV: conservation and sustainable development of species (18 articles)
 - Chapter V : conservation and sustainable development of genetic resources (14 articles)







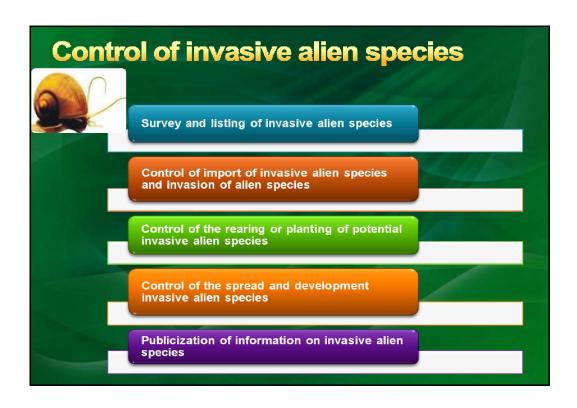




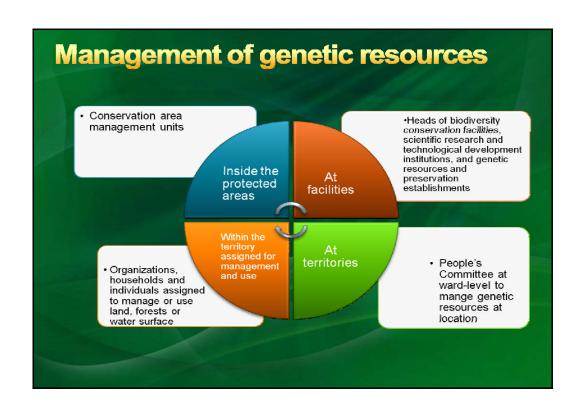


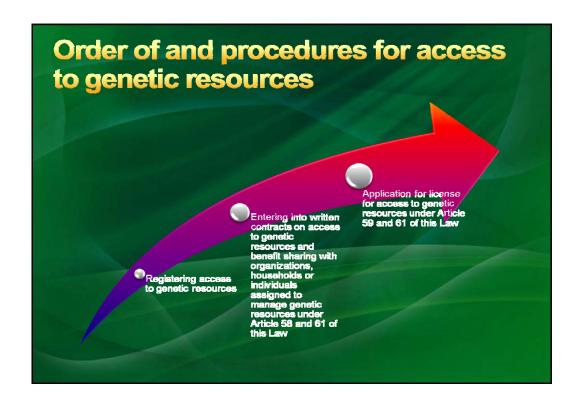
Organizations and individuals that manage biodiversity conservation facilities have the following obligations

- To protect, nurture and take care of species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection; to store and preserve genetic resources and genetic specimens
- To register and declare origin of species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection to specialized agencies of provincial-level People's Committees;
- To devise measure to prevent epidemics and adopt regimes of nurturing species in the facilities and treating their diseases
- In December every year, to report to provincial-level People's Committee on the situation of species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection in their facilities
- To ask for permission of competent state agencies specified in Clause 4, Article 41 of this Law for introducing species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection into their biodiversity conservation facilities for rearing of planting or for releasing species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection from their rescue centers into these species' natural habitats
- · To have other obligations as prescribed by law

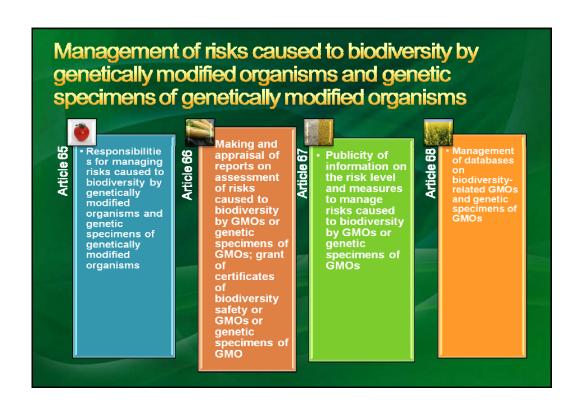


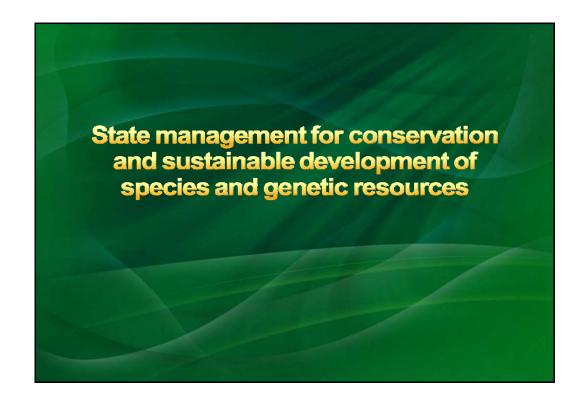
Conservation and sustainable development of genetic resources











The Ministry of Natural resources and Environment (MONRE)

- To take responsibility to the Government for performing the state management of biodiversity;
- To list endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection, submitting to the Government for approval
- To investigate, to define invasive alien species, to appraise and to promulgate the list of invasive alien species
- To define experiments and license for rearing and developing alien species
- To unify management of national databases on genetic resources.
- To unify databases management on GMO, genetic specimens related to biodiversity; establishing a website on GMO, genetic specimens of GMO related to biodiversity

The Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (MARD)

- To specifically define protecting wildlife which is prohibited to exploit in nature and exploiting wildlife which is given the license to exploit; periodically announce the list of wildlife prohibited from exploitation and the list of wildlife species which is given the license to exploit
- To Investigate and to assess endemic crop varieties and domestic animal breeds which are is threatened to extinction in order to put on list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection

The Ministry of Science and Technology (MOST)

- To coordinate with ministries, ministerial-level agencies involving in guiding the registration process of traditional knowledge rights on genetic resources
- To define conditions on facility-technique, technology and professional staff in research for creating GMOs, genetic specimens of GMOs

People's Committee at provincial level

- To issue certificates of biodiversity conservation facility
- To coordinate with the MONRE for investigating and defining invasive alien species;
- To coordinate with the competent agencies to organize the inspection and evaluation of capacity of invasive alien species from outside to take measures to prevent and control invasive alien species;
- To organize investigating and defining distributed areas, planning for isolating and eliminating species on the list of invasive alien species at the location;



Conservation and sustainable development of species

- Criteria for defining species and management and protection regimes for species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection; promulgating the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection (Article 37, 38)
- Order of and procedures for assessing proposed documents of putting in or taking out species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection (Article 41)

Conservation and sustainable development of species (continue)

- Species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection, rescue of wildlife, storing crop varieties and domestic animal breeds, microorganisms and endemic fungi, storage and conservation of genetic resources and genetic specimens (Article 38)
- Competence, order of and procedures to put species on the list of endangered precious and rare species prioritized for protection in biodiversity conservation facilities or to release them into their natural habitat (Article 39)
- Rearing and planting conditions, taking off certificate of biodiversity conservation facility (Article 42)

Conservation and sustainable development of genetic resources

- Order of and procedures for access to genetic resources (article 57)
- License for access to genetic resource (Article 59)
- Management and sharing of benefits from access to genetic resource (article 61)
- Providing information on genetic resource (article 63)
- Responsibilities of ministries, ministerial-level agencies and organizations, individuals in management of GMO and genetic specimens risk caused to biodiversity (article 65)
- Making and appraisal of reports on assessment of risks caused to biodiversity by genetically modified organisms or genetic specimens of GMOs; grant of certificates of biodiversity safety of GMOs or genetic specimens of GMOs (article 66)
- Publicity of information and measures for risk management (article 67)

